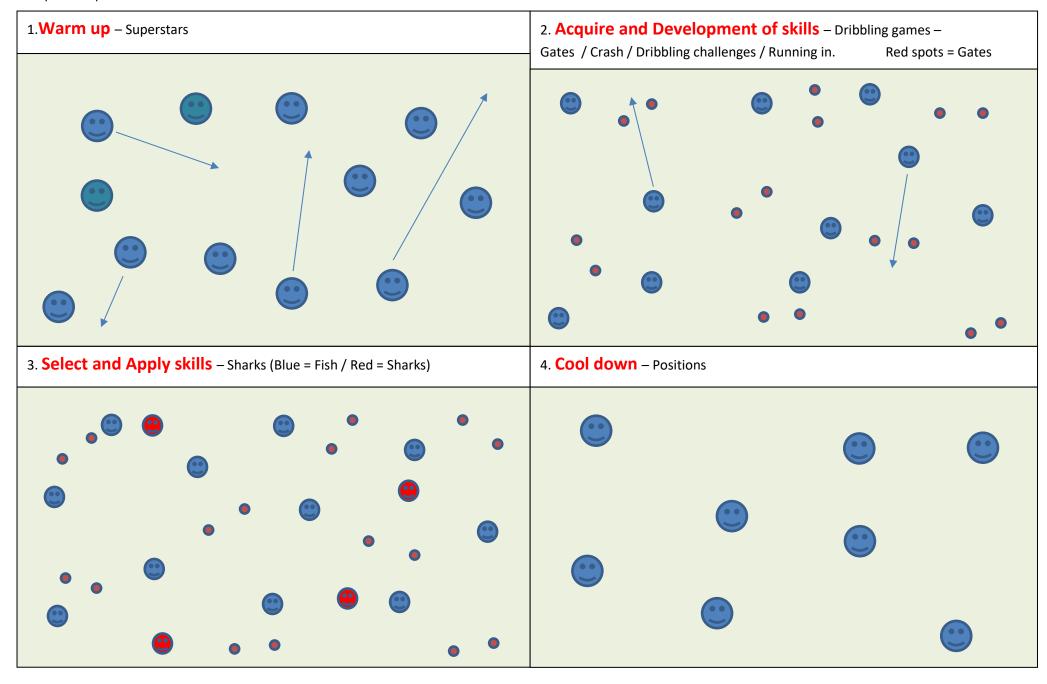
FOOTBALL FIELD PLANS | YEARS 1-2







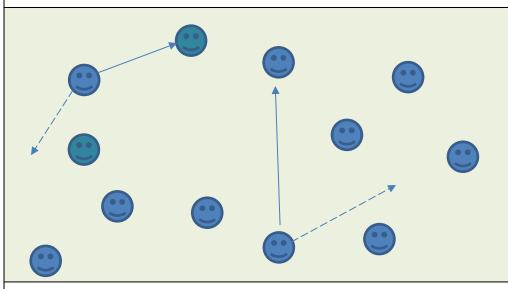


Lesson	LO	Warm up	Acquire and Develop skills	Select and Apply skills	Cool Down (With
					plenary and evaluation)
2	To develop	'I'm in space!'	Tom and Jerry	Riverball	Shadows
Passing	passing skills				
		Set out a 30y area. Half the class	Organisation – Pupils get in pairs	Put a line of blue cones across the	Pupils get with a partner
		have a ball and half do not.	with 'Tom' having a ball (Leader	middle of the area (This is the river).	(1 leader, shadow).
		All pupils find a space in the area.	is Jerry, Tom is shadow).	Split the class into 2 teams and each	Leader travels around
		Pupils with the ball dribble around	Game objective – Jerry runs	team stands in one half of the pitch.	the area performing jogs,
		and pupils without a ball jog into	round a 30x30y area twisting and	Spread out up to 20 footballs.	skips, sidesteps to cool
		spaces and call out 'I'm in space!'	turning trying to lose Tom who is	Choose 3 players from each team to	down. The shadow
			dribbling a ball. When teacher	stand opposite their team behind the	follows and copies the
		If a dribbler hears and sees	calls 'Freeze!' Tom stops running	opponents outside the area (These	leader's movements.
		someone calling they pass their	and Jerry stops their ball	players are the target players).	If teacher calls 'Swap'
		ball to them and then run to call	immediately. Tom then tries to		pupils swap roles.
		for a different ball.	pass their ball through Jerry's	No player can cross the centre line.	
			legs. 1 point if they hit Jerry's		
		Key teaching points:	legs and 2 points if it goes	Upon teacher's command players	
		-Only call if you are actually in a	through the legs.	attempt to pass balls to their target	
		space.		players. If a ball gets to a target player	
		-If no one passes to you after	Idea – Start by rolling / bowling	the team win a point. The target player	
		you've called 'I'm in space' twice,	ball with hands to get through	then passes the ball back into the area.	
		run to another space and repeat.	partners legs.	Teacher and TA can keep score.	
		-Passers use inside of foot (This is			
		the most common part of the foot	Tom and Jerry then rotate	Key teaching points:	
		to pass with but laces and outside	positions.	-Pass through the middle of the ball to	
		can also be used).		keep it low (We do not want balls going	
		-Eyes up	Key teaching points:	in the air for safety).	
		-Appropriate weight and accuracy	-Play at speed using all parts of		
		of pass	both feet.	passing back (If pupils hit a ball straight	
		-Put non kicking foot next to ball	-Eyes up to see where Jerry is.	away that is rolling towards them it can	
		and point towards player you are	-Keep the ball close.	go into the air).	
		passing to.	-Recap teaching points from	-Recap passing key points from previous	
		-Pass through middle of the ball.	warm up.	games.	
			Time – 15 mins		
		Time – 10 mins		Time – 20 mins	Time – 5 mins

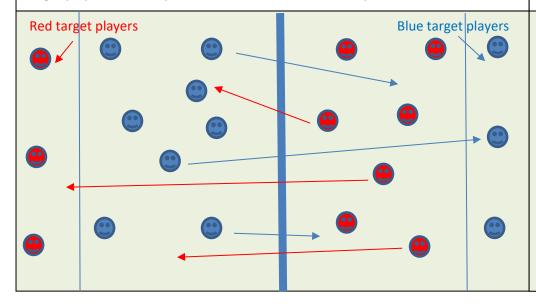
Football Year 1 and 2 – Field plans

Example set up for each strand of the lesson:

1. Warm up – I'm in space! (Half class with a ball)

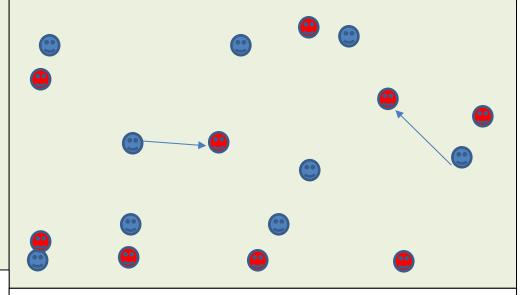


3. **Select and Apply skills** – Riverball (Teams trying to pass a ball to their target players). Have up to 30 footballs available (Soft if possible)

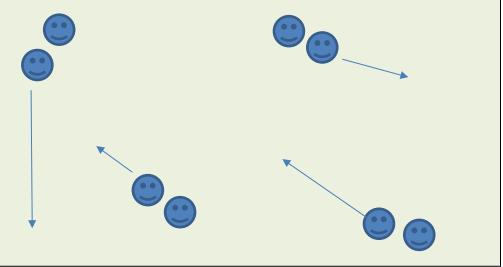


2. Acquire and Development of skills – Tom (With ball)&Jerry (Without)

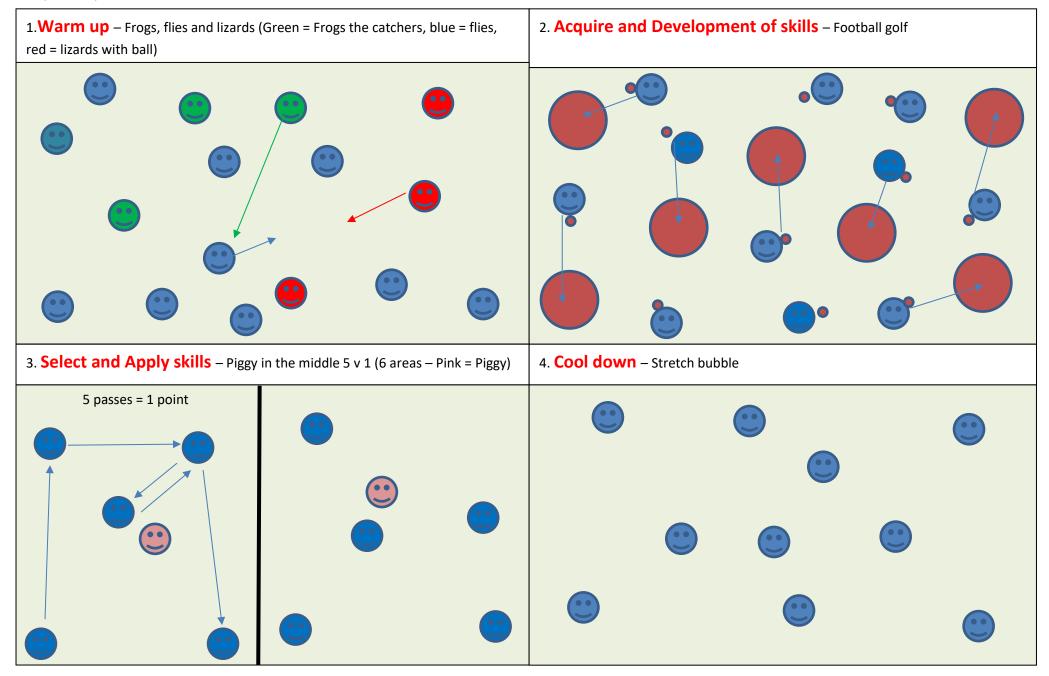
- Tom (Blue dribbling chasing Jerry) and Jerry (Red jogging away from Tom). On whistle both stop. Tom tries to pass through Jerry's legs.



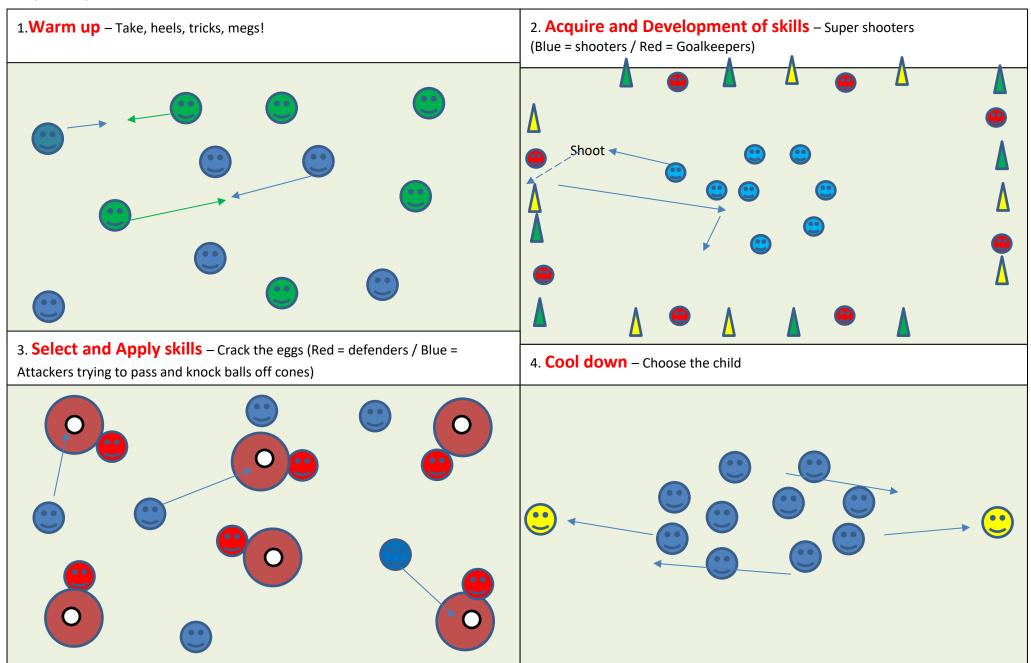
4. Cool down - Shadows



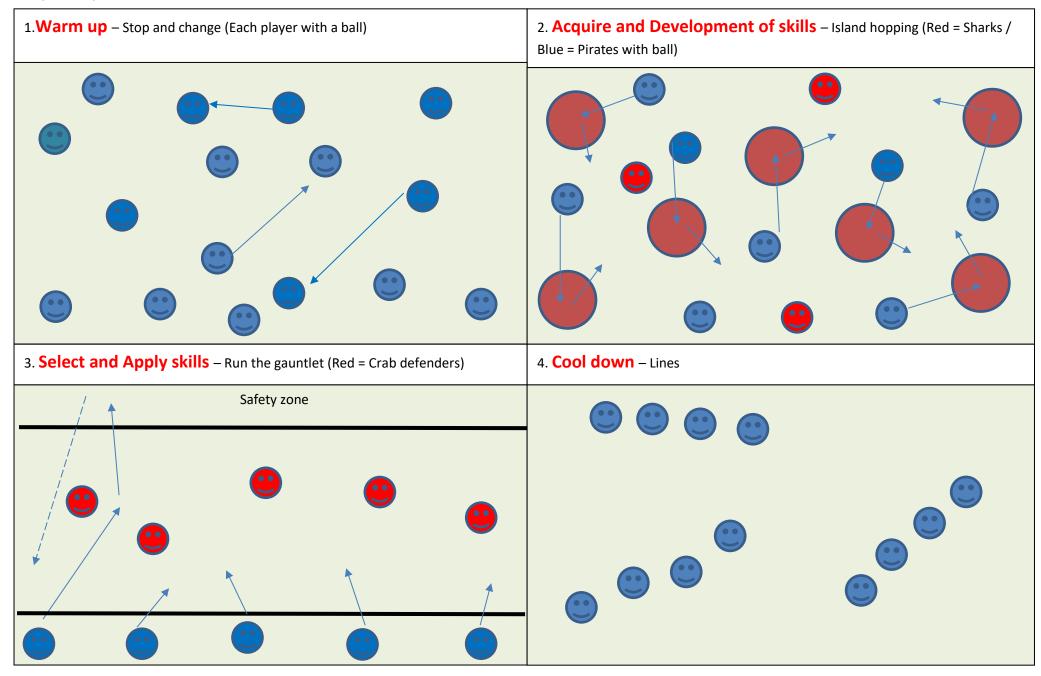
Lesson LO	Warm up	Acquire and Develop skills	Select and Apply skills	Cool Down (With plenary and evaluation)
3 To pass accurately and dribbling To keep a ball away from a defender	Warm up Frogs, flies and lizards Mark out a 30 x 30y area. Choose 4 lizards and 4 frogs. The rest of the class are flies. Frogs skip or sidestep to tag flies on their shoulder. If caught they stand with arms out and legs apart. Lizards have a football and can free the	Acquire and Develop skills Football golf Spread out up to 30 hoops around the area along with 30 cones up to 5 yards away from each hoop. Pupils have a ball each and attempt to pass their ball into a hoop starting by a cone. Progression – Pass from further away / Use opposite foot.	Select and Apply skills Piggy in the middle 5 v 1 Split class into groups of 6 and each group has an area to work in. 5 attackers keep a ball away from the piggy (Defender). If piggy gets the ball they win a point, if attackers achieve 5 passes without the piggy touching the ball they win a point. Progression = Less attackers/more defenders/different ball/ smaller	
	flies by passing the ball gently through their legs. Key teaching points - movement into space / Eyes up / Aware of others. Swop frogs and lizards every 2 minutes.	Use opposite foot. Key teaching points: -Appropriate weight and accuracy of pass -Put non kicking foot next to ball and point towards hoop you are passing toPass through middle of the ball with inside of foot. Time – 15 mins	defenders/different ball/ smaller area/ larger area / Piggy's change after 1 minute. Key teaching points: -Movement into space -Choosing correct pass -Weight and accuracy of pass -Teamwork -Speed of pass when defender is near	Evaluate / peer assess / self asses throughout. Show 2 children doing it well at end. What 2 things did they do well? What 1 aspect do they want to do better? Time – 10 mins



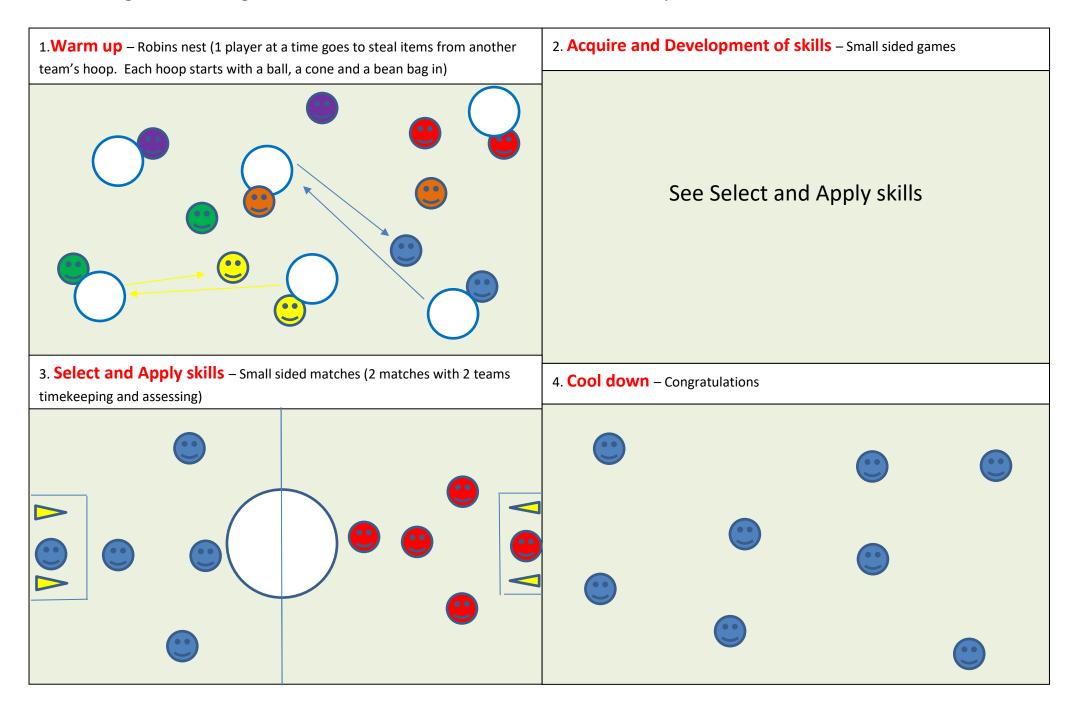
Lesson	LO	Warm up	Acquire and Develop skills	Select and Apply skills	Cool Down (With plenary and evaluation)
4 Dribbling	To shoot with accuracy	Take, heels, tricks, megs	Super Shooters	Crack the eggs	Choose the child
and Shooting	accuracy	Mark out a 30x30y area. Half the class have a ball, half do not. Players dribble around the area and other player jog around the area. Players without the ball jog up to a player and call out 'Take.' The dribblers then leave their ball and run to someone else to shout 'Take' Key teaching points: -Eyes up when dribbling to see playersKeep ball close to feet Progression — Players use different calls ('Heels' = Players perform a drag back with their heel / 'Tricks' = Player performs a trick e.g. stepover / 'Megs' = Player passes ball through legs.	Set up 15 goals (Large cones 5 yards apart around the edge of the area. Put a circle of cones in the centre. Half the class are goalkeepers and stand in a goal. Half the class are shooters and stand in the centre of the area with a ball each. On teacher's command shooters dribble and shoot in a goal. They retrieve their ball, dribble back to the middle and then dribble and shoot at a different goal. If goalkeeper saves it they roll it back to the side of the shooter who returns to the middle and goes to another goal. Players have 1 minute to score as many goals as possible then swap over goalkeeper and shooters. Idea — Have some players as ball boys/girls to pass balls back to shooters to save them running after their shot each time. Key teaching points: -Push ball to the side before shooting to create an angle. -Take short steps to the ball. -Put no kicking foot next to ball pointing towards target. -Strike ball with knuckle part of the foot (Next to big toe) or inside of foot if placing ball. -Aim away from goalkeeper into corners. Eyes up to see where goalkeeper is. -Choose type of shot (Drive, place, dribble round goalkeeper, chip)	Spread out up to 15 cones with balls balanced on them (These are the eggs). Choose up to 15 defenders to protect an egg (They stand 2 yards away from an egg and attempt to intercept any passes / shots against their egg) The remaining pupils have a ball each and dribble around trying to pass their ball and knock off a egg. They win 1 point every time they knock an egg off and must attack a different egg each time. Swap defenders and attackers every 2 minutes. Key teaching points: -Dribblers attack an egg which is not being guarded (E.g. Defender not watching)Use appropriate weight and accuracy of pass.	Choose 2 children – teacher finds out facts about each child (E.g. favourite colour/animal/food/what successful move or skill they did in football etc). The class jog slowly inbetween the 2 chosen children. The teacher calls out a fact and the class stand next to the child they think the fact is about. 1 point if they get it right. Repeat. Question the key facts learnt today about shooting.
		Time – 10 mins	Time – 15 mins	Time – 20 mins	Time – 5 mins



LO	Warm up	Acquire and Develop skills	Select and Apply skills	Cool Down (With plenary and evaluation)
To take a ball past a defender	Stop and change Mark out a 30x30y area. Children have a ball each and dribble into spaces. When teacher calls out 'Stop and change' pupils stop their ball and run to a different ball. 1 point for the first team to find a new ball (Boys vs girls). Progression – As during this lesson children will be looking to dribble past a defender	Island hopping Spread out up to 20 cones or spots in the area (These are islands). Choose 5 children to be defenders (Sharks). The remaining pupils are the pirates with a ball each. Pirates attempt to smuggle treasure by getting from one island to another without getting caught by a shark. Smugglers can stay on an island for up to 10 seconds before trying to get to another.	Run the gauntlet Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet flat on the floor – To move they lift their bottom off the floor and move around on their hands and feet). Crabs win a point if they touch a ball but cannot swing their legs to tackle. If crabs arms get tired they can sit back on their bottoms for a rest. The remaining players stand by the side of the pitch by a sone and have a	Pupils stand in lines of 4, the leader performs cool down movements e.g. jogs, skips, sidesteps etc and the group copies. When teacher calls 'Swap' the leader runs to the back and the new leader performs a movement.
	encourage players to pretend all other children are defenders. Approach them slowly pushing the ball with the laces then push the ball past them with a change of pace (Use the inside or outside of the foot to make the ball change direction and go past a defender / Higher ability pupils can step past the ball to the side then push the ball the opposite side – this is called a 'Fake' and can fool defenders making them think you are going one side but then take the ball the other side).	Encourage children to be creative and use twists, turns and fakes to lose the sharks. Smugglers win 1 point every time they get from 1 island to another. Sharks win one point every time they touch a smugglers ball (Encourage defenders to try and touch a ball on top to win a point and stay on their feet) Swap sharks every 2 minutes. Ask pupils to demonstrate high quality ball each. The teacher calls out certain proposed (E.g. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the and past the crabs to the other they get through they win a proposed they get through they win a proposed to the start and teacher to but do not win a point. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the and past the crabs to the other they get through they win a proposed to the pitch without being tackled they carry on to the or but do not win a point. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the and past the crabs to the other they get through they win a proposed to the pitch without being tackled they carry on to the or but do not win a point. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the and past the crabs to the other they get through they win a proposed to the pitch without being tackled they carry on to the or but do not win a point. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the pitch without being tackled they carry on to the or but do not win a point. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the and past the crabs to the other they get through they win a proposed to the pitch without being tackled they get through they win a point. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the and past the crabs to the other they get through they win a point. Children with white train attempt to dribble their ball the and past the crabs to the other they get through they win a point. Children with a different group (E.g. but and past the crabs to the other they are they get through they win a point. Children with a different group (E.g. but and past t	The teacher calls out certain players (E.g. Children with white trainers) who attempt to dribble their ball through and past the crabs to the other side of the pitch without being tackled. If they get through they win a point. If tackled they carry on to the other side but do not win a point. Children come back to the start and teacher repeats but with a different group (E.g. Whose birthday is in July). Swap crabs every 2 minutes. Recap how to take a ball past a defender (E.g. In slow out fast / Eyes up to see spaces to exploit / Use fakes and push ball to the side).	
	past a	To take a ball past a defender Mark out a 30x30y area. Children have a ball each and dribble into spaces. When teacher calls out 'Stop and change' pupils stop their ball and run to a different ball. 1 point for the first team to find a new ball (Boys vs girls). Progression – As during this lesson children will be looking to dribble past a defender encourage players to pretend all other children are defenders. Approach them slowly pushing the ball with the laces then push the ball past them with a change of pace (Use the inside or outside of the foot to make the ball change direction and go past a defender / Higher ability pupils can step past the ball to the side then push the ball the opposite side – this is called a 'Fake' and can fool defenders making them think you are going one side but	To take a ball past a defender Mark out a 30x30y area. Children have a ball each and dribble into spaces. When teacher calls out 'Stop and change' pupils stop their ball and run to a different ball. 1 point for the first team to find a new ball (Boys vs girls). Progression – As during this lesson children will be looking to dribble past a defender encourage players to pretend all other children are defenders. Approach them slowly pushing the ball with the laces then push the ball change of pace (Use the inside or outside of the foot to make the ball change direction and go past a defender / Higher ability pupils can step past the ball to the side then push the ball the opposite side – this is called a 'Fake' and can fool defenders making them think you are going one side but then take the ball the other side). Stop and change Spread out up to 20 cones or spots in the area (These are islands). Choose 5 children to be defenders (Sharks). The remaining pupils are the pirates with a ball each. Pirates attempt to smuggle treasure by getting from one island to another without getting caught by a shark. Smugglers can stay on an island for up to 10 seconds before trying to get to another. Encourage children to be creative and use twists, turns and fakes to lose the sharks. Smugglers win 1 point every time they get from 1 island to another. Sharks win one point every time they touch a smugglers ball (Encourage defenders to try and touch a ball on to to win a point and stay on their feet) Swap sharks every 2 minutes. Ask pupils to demonstrate high quality performance of how they got to islands for others to copy.	To take a ball past a defender Mark out a 30x30y area. Children have a ball each and dribble into spaces. When teacher calls out 'Stop and change' pupils stop their ball and run to a different ball. 1 point for the first team to find a new ball (Boys vs girls). Progression – As during this lesson children will be looking to dribble past a defender encourage players to pretend all other children are defenders. Approach them slowly pushing the ball with the laces then push the ball lpast them with a change of pace (Use the inside or outside of the foot to make the ball to the side then push the ball to the side then push the ball both the past them with each gedefender / Higher ability pupils can step past the ball to the side then push the ball to opposite side – this is called a 'Fake' and can fool defenders making them think you are going one side but then take the ball the other side). Stop and change Spread out up to 20 cones or spots in the area (These are islands). Choose 5 children to be defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children to be crab defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). Choose 10 children are defenders (Sit on their bottom with hands and feet). The maining pupils are the pirates with a ball each. Smugglers can stay on an Island for up to 10 seconds before trying to get to another. Encourage children to be creative and use twists, turns and fakes to lose the shall be the pirates



Lesson	LO	Warm up	Acquire and Develop Select and Apply	Cool Down (With plenary and evaluation)
6 Teamwork	To play fairly and follow rules of a game.	Robins nest Mark out 2 football pitches (In preparation for the tournament). Spread out up to 15 hoops with a ball, a cone and a bean bag in each. Pupils get with a partner and stand in a hoop (This is their nest). On teacher's command pupil 1 skips or side steps to another hoop to steal an item. They take it back to their hoop and their partner then goes to a different hoop to steal. When the whistle goes the game stops and pupil's count how many items they have in their nest. Most items wins.	· ·	
		Key teaching points / rules: -You cannot steal from the same hoop twice in a rowYou cannot protect your itemsSlow down when approaching a hoop and check behind you before going back to your hoop to avoid collisions. Progression – Dribble ball back / Wear cone as a hat / Throw and catch bean bag with 1 clap in-between 3 times before returning to hoop. Progression – Each item is worth a different amount of points E.g. ball worth 10, cone worth 2, bean bag worth 1. Pupils then use mental maths to add up score.	Bonus point for good play / teamwork / skill used from previous lessons. Mini presentation – Teacher to announce scores. Idea – Have a trophy to award the winning captain.	
		Time – 10 mins	Time – 40 mins	Time – 5 mins



Football Year 1 and 2 – Field plans

Learning Outcomes

I can keep control of a ball.

I can dribble with various parts of my feet.

I can dribble into spaces with my eyes up.

I can change direction with a ball.

I can change speeds whilst dribbling.

I can recognise when and where to dribble.

I can dribble past a defender.

I can use dribbling skills in a game situation.

I can pass with accuracy.

I can pass with either foot.

I can use the appropriate weight of pass.

I can use the inside of my foot to pass.

I can pass to a team mate.

I can recognise when and where to pass.

I can pass in a game situation.

I can change direction with the ball.

I can use various turns including drag back, inside and outside hook.

I can recognise when and where to turn.

I can use a turn in a game situation.

I can shoot with accuracy.

I can shoot with either foot.

I can shoot after a dribble.

I can be an effective team member.

I recognise defence and attack.

Assessment opportunities

See assessment sheets for invasion games in 'Assessment' folder.

Each lesson assesses a different football skill (E.g. Dribbling -< Working towards expected level

= Achieved expected level >Exceeded expected level

Can also assess 1st and last lesson to record improvement of players.

Lessons should be planned in relation to children's performance including SEN differentiation and G and T challenge.

Assessment can be done throughout - Self and peer (Relate to LO's).

Teacher assesses throughout can record class to watch back.

Self assess – what aspects did they put in their performance today? Pupils demonstrate good performance throughout.

STEP differentiation

SEN – TA support, larger slower ball, larger space to practice, coloured tape to stick on various parts of feet, pictures and video of footballers dribbling.

G and T – Smaller balls, add defenders, quicker movements, various turns and dribbles, smaller space to work.

STEP differentiation for lessons (Space, Task, Equipment, People). Space - Larger or smaller area to dribble. More or less obstacles to dribble past.

Task - Dribble with 1 or both feet, dribble past cones, passive or active defenders, introduce various turns and dribbles. Larger or smaller targets or goals to score, more or less points to win, easier or harder tasks.

Equipment - Larger or smaller footballs, larger or smaller goals.

People - More or less defenders / attackers. Children to self-assess each other in relation to Learning Objectives (LO's).

Safety aspects

Ensure playing area is marked out and clear of hazards.

Ensure equipment is safe to use.

No chewing gum. Children's hair tied back. Laces done up.

Jewellery removed. Inhalers available and labelled.

Children's medical conditions known to teacher.

TA used appropriately. Weather appropriate. First aid kit available. Appropriate footwear. Children perform skill based activities as well as team games. Maximum of 5v5 games.

Children having enough room to participate. Football goals safe and pinned down.

All equipment safe, correct size and age appropriate.

Shin pads recommended.

Curriculum

Dribble a ball at different speeds keeping control

Pass to team

Strike a ball with control

games and enjoy participation

Resources

footballs, bibs, cones, markers, goals, first aid kit. whiteboard.

mates

Follow rules of

Various sized hoops, bean bags

NOTES: DIFFERENTIATION METHODS

Football Year 1 and 2 – Field plans

L.O.s to be adapted if necessary prior to each lesson relating on children's performance / ability.

(Success criteria can be differentiated for various abilities – See curriculum for targets / aspects to cover / Overall objective).

PLEASE NOTE - Sessions and resources may change due to children's ability, requirements, special needs, environment, weather, challenge and number of participants.

- Assessment to be done visually throughout lesson. If recording children for assessment check with the school whether parents allow their child to be recorded and the schools child protection policy (Only record using schools equipment). Any notes should be recorded on the assessment sheet e.g. which children need support / challenging further and how you will do this. Children should be involved in their assessment e.g. get children showing good practice to demonstrate to the group self and peer assess in relation to performance and implement in their own practice. Evaluate at the end of every lesson what went well? What could be improved? How? Involve children provide different levels of success criteria so they know how to improve and offer activities that would allow them to achieve.
- Encourage participation! Limit any waiting in a queue! Maximum participation!
- Differentiation should be implemented through the STEP framework (Space Task Equipment People).
- Any competition should be organised in relation to abilities.
- Work in relation to the schools behaviour policy and reward system.
- Ask children what they now know after lessons

Notes (Observations / Successes / Failures / Which children need support or challenging)	
Lesson 1	
Lesson 2	
Lesson 3	
Lesson 4	
Lesson 5	
Lesson 6	